



Schill+Seilacher

Technical Data Sheet

STRUKTOL® SU 135

Preparation of Insoluble Sulphur

Composition

Total sulphur	75 %
Organic dispersing agent	24 %
Inorganic dispersing agent	1 %

Properties

Appearance		non-dusting, friable powder
Density	[kg/m ³]	1500
Bulk density	[kg/m ³]	600
Content of insoluble sulphur	[%]	36
Physiological behavior		refer to safety data sheet
Storage stability		at least 18 months under normal storage conditions in closed bags in cool rooms (keep away from ammonia and amine containing compounds)
Packing		20 kg bags
Factor for dosage		1.33

The data given are typical values which are not intended for use in preparing specifications. For test methods refer to the corresponding supplement.



Bank: Commerzbank AG, Hamburg, BIC: COBA DE FFXXX
 IBAN: DE07 2004 0000 0613 1254 00
 Bank: DZ Bank, Hamburg, BIC: GENO DE FF200
 IBAN: DE74 2006 0000 0000 1461 68
 Bank: Commerzbank AG, Hamburg, BIC DRES DE FF200
 IBAN: DE45 2008 0000 0275 0570 00
 Bank: Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ), Frankfurt, BIC HAND DE FFXXX
 IBAN: DE31 5142 0600 0012 4460 01

Sitz der Gesellschaft:
 Hamburg
 Registergericht:
 Handelsregister Hamburg
 HRB 112163
 ID-Nr. DE 813088647
 Steuer-Nr. 46/757/00201
 Gesellschaft mit
 beschränkter Haftung

Hausanschrift/Address:
 Moorfleeter Straße 28
 22113 Hamburg
 Postfach: 74 07 60
 22097 Hamburg, Germany
 Geschäftsführer:
 Dr. Rüdiger Ackermann

Telefon: 4.19-1-01-01-(5)
 + 49 40 733 62-0
 Fax:
 Verkauf: + 49 40 733 62-194
 Einkauf: + 49 40 733 62-39222
 Zentrale: + 49 40 733 62-194
 Geschäftsleitung: + 49 40 733 62-124
 E-Mail: info@struktol.de
 Internet: www.struktol.de



Schill+Seilacher

Recommendations for Application

Two basic types of sulphur are used for rubber compounding, i.e. ordinary ground sulphur called „soluble sulphur“ because of its solubility in carbon disulphide (CS₂) and the so-called insoluble sulphur insoluble in CS₂.

This characteristic of the sulphur types is paralleled by their solubility in rubbers: insoluble sulphur is completely insoluble in rubber whilst ground sulphur is in part soluble. This solubility depends upon temperature and excessive sulphur crystallizes from a compound mixed at higher temperatures.

A greyish sulphur bloom appears on the uncured compound surface followed by small sulphur crystals which can no more be dispersed in the rubber compound.

Consequences of sulphur blooming are:

- increased scorch risk in areas where sulphur has concentrated
- decreased building tack
- local overcure
- variations in physical properties

When using insoluble sulphur blooming from the uncured compound can be avoided. Whilst ordinary ground sulphur is easily incorporated/dispersed in most rubber compounds insoluble sulphur can give rise to problems. Owing to static electricity agglomerates are formed which are only partially dispersed.

The specialty dispersing agents contained in STRUKTOL® SU 135 coated sulphur effect a fast incorporation and optimum sulphur dispersion. Static electricity build-up is minimized. The dispersing agents used are non-discolouring and have no influence on the cure rate. The best dispersion performance can be achieved in a mixing temperature range between 60 and 80 °C.

In STRUKTOL® SU 135 part of the sulphur is present in the soluble state. The ratio of insoluble sulphur to soluble sulphur is well balanced so that in most applications STRUKTOL SU 135 can offer advantages like insoluble sulphur itself. Blooming can in particular be avoided at low sulphur dosages or in compounds which dissolve sulphur to an acceptable extent.

It is possible that the bags containing STRUKTOL® SU 135 discolour. This colour change does not influence the effectivity of the product.

When using insoluble sulphur it is important to recognize that this form reverts to soluble sulphur at elevated temperatures, i.e. it should be admixed at temperatures below the critical reversion point

(80 °C). This also applies to any further processing of the finalized compound.



Schill+Seilacher

It is also important to note that the reversion of insoluble sulphur is not only promoted through temperature, but also through inorganic bases (amines). Special attention must be paid to the accelerator system in compounding and care should be taken that activators are not too alkaline.

The suggestions for application and usage of our products as well as possible proposed formulations are meant to advise only to the best of our knowledge. This information is without obligation and does not release customers from their own testings to ensure suitability for intended processes and use. Liability is only accepted in case of intention or gross negligence. Liability for any defects caused by minor negligence are not accepted. Each producer is responsible and liable to observe legislation and patent rights of third parties.

This new leaflet replaces all previously printed documentation.

Alterations reserved. 07/2018

Schill + Seilacher "Struktol" GmbH Moorfleeter Straße 28 22113 Hamburg Germany

Phone: +49 40 73362-0 Fax: +49 40 73362-194 E-Mail: info@struktol.de